

“Through the Bible: II Kings 20-22”

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I. Hezekiah’s Life Extended; Manasseh Reigns After His Father (II Kings 20)

- A. “In those days was Hezekiah _____ unto death. And the prophet Isaiah the son of Amoz came to him, and said unto him, Thus saith the LORD, Set thine house in _____; for thou shalt _____, and not _____” (II Kings 20:1).
- B. Hezekiah “turned his _____ to the _____” and “_____” unto the Lord” (II Kings 20:2). Through Isaiah, how did God respond to this prayer (II Kings 20:5-6)? _____

- C. Hezekiah recovered by eating a “lump of _____” (II Kings 20:7).
- D. What sign was offered to Hezekiah to indicate the Lord would indeed do what He had promised (II Kings 20:8-11)? _____

- E. Which king sent a present to the sickened Hezekiah? What did Hezekiah show him (II Kings 20:14-15)? _____

- F. With regard to these doings, Isaiah prophesied, “Behold, the days come, that all that is in thine house, and that which thy fathers have laid up in store unto this day, shall be _____ into _____: _____ shall be left, saith the LORD” (II Kings 20:17).
- G. Before announcing _____ reigned in the place of his father, of what feat of Hezekiah does II Kings 20:20 speak? _____

II. The Reign of Manasseh; Amon Reigns; Josiah Reigns (II Kings 21)

- A. Manasseh began to reign at the young age of _____ years old and reigned for _____ years (II Kings 21:1). Please take the time to read II Kings 21:2-9 and attempt to list every evil thing he did.

- B. II Kings 21:10-16 is as a severe condemnation from God as any other found in God’s Word. Supply the answers below.
1. As a result of Manasseh’s sinful actions, God vividly promised, “Behold, I am bringing such _____ upon Jerusalem and Judah, that whosoever heareth of it, both his _____ shall _____” (II Kings 21:12).

2. God also warned, "I will _____ Jerusalem as a man wipeth a _____, wiping it, and turning it _____ down" (II Kings 21:13).
3. What was the extent of Manasseh's bloodshed according to II Kings 21:16?

- C. Manasseh died and is replaced by his son, _____ (II Kings 21:18).
- D. Amon ruled in the same way as his father. He was _____ years old when he began to reign, and ruled for _____ years (II Kings 21:19). His servants killed him in his own _____ (II Kings 21:23). Following this, the people of the land killed those who _____ against Amon (II Kings 21:24).
- E. Once Amon had been slain, _____, his son, reigned in his stead (II Kings 21:24-26).

III. Josiah Repairs the Temple; The Book of God is Found (II Kings 22)

- A. Josiah was _____ years old when he began his reign of _____ years (II Kings 22:1). How does II Kings 22:2 categorize his reign? _____

- B. Josiah commenced a program to repair the house of the Lord.
 1. The first step was to "sum the _____" which had been brought into "the _____ of the Lord" (II Kings 22:4).
 2. Next, the silver was to be delivered to the "_____ of the work...to _____ the _____ of the house" (II Kings 22:5).
 3. The doers included what kind of workers (II Kings 22:6)?

 4. All the work and exchange of monies was well-above-board, evidenced by the words, "because they dealt _____" (II Kings 22:7).
- C. What did Hilkiah the priest find, and what did he do with it according to II Kings 22:8?

- D. Shaphan, a "_____ " (II Kings 22:3), read this found book "before the _____" (II Kings 22:10). How did the king respond(II Kings 22:11)?

- E. Josiah arranged for several men, comprised of priests, prophets, and scribes to inquire of the Lord. God said "I will bring _____ upon this place" (II Kings 22:16) because "Because they have forsaken me, and have _____ incense unto other gods, that they might provoke me to anger with all the works of their _____; therefore my _____ shall be kindled against this place, and shall not be _____" (II Kings 22:17).
- F. God had a special message for Josiah. Share the details below (II Kings 22:18-20).

